

Optical Power Meter Experiment Report



Overview

EE 420 In order to gain experience with optical power measurement, the optical power loss due to microscope glass slides will be determined experimentally.

Key Takeaways

An Optical Power Meter Experiment Report documents the measurement of optical power, analysis of losses, and comparison with theoretical predictions using calibrated or non-calibrated optical power meters. 1. Title "Measurement of Optical Power Using an Optical Power Meter" 2.

Objective

To understand the basic principles of optical power measurement using an optical power meter. To differentiate between calibrated and non-calibrated optical power meters. To measure optical power loss through optical components such as microscope glass slides or optical fibers.

To practice proper use of optical power units (dBm, mW) and conversions between them. 3.

Equipment

Optical Power Meter (e.g., INFOS Model M100) HeNe Laser or LED source (e.g., 31-2090-000) Optical fibers or microscope glass slides Fiber optic trainer board or optical bench Translation stages and holders for alignment Power supply and connecting cables 4.



Theory

Optical power meters measure the intensity of light in milliwatts (mW) or decibels-milliwatts (dBm). Losses occur due to reflection, absorption, or scattering in optical components. The propagation loss in fibers or slides can be calculated using the formula: $\text{Loss (dB)} = 10 \log_{10} \frac{P_{\text{input}}}{P_{\text{output}}}$. Wavelength selection is important because detector responsivity varies with wavelength.

5.

Procedure

Connect the optical source to the optical power meter using fiber or free-space alignment. Set the wavelength on the power meter to match the source (e.g., 660 nm, 850 nm, 1310 nm). Record the input power without any optical component in the path.

Insert optical components (e.g., glass slides or fiber segments) and measure the output power. Repeat measurements for different numbers of slides or fiber lengths to observe cumulative losses. Note all readings in a table for analysis.

6.

Observations and Data

Create a table showing input power, output power, and calculated loss for each configuration. Include units in dBm or mW and ensure consistency. Example table format:

Number of Slides	Input Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Loss (dB)
0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	0.15	0.15	0.00
2	0.30	0.30	0.00

00. 000. 0010.

00-0. 150. 1520.

00-0. 300. 307.

Analysis

Compare experimental losses with theoretical predictions based on reflection and absorption coefficients. Discuss any discrepancies due to alignment errors, detector nonlinearity, or wavelength mismatch. Plot loss vs. number of slides or fiber length to visualize trends.

8.

Conclusion

Summarize the effectiveness of the optical power meter in measuring optical power. Highlight the observed losses and their agreement with theory. Comment on the importance of calibration and wavelength selection for accurate measurements.

9. References
EE 420 Optical Fiber Communications Lab Manual
IITA Optical Power Measurement Practical Manual
NIST Optical Fiber Power Meter Calibration Services
This structure ensures a comprehensive, clear, and scientifically accurate report suitable for academic submission.

Article Content

EXPERIMENT MEASUREMENT OF OPTICAL POWER USING

To objective of this experiment is to measure optical power using optical pmver meter. Procedure : 1. Connect the power supply to the board. 2. Ensure tha! all switched faults are in the normal position.

Fiber Optics Lab: Power Measurements

This laboratory report discusses fiber optic measurements and characteristics. It describes the basic structure of optical fibers including the core, cladding, and buffer coating.

Optical Power Measurements.

Compare the average theoretical and average experimental dB power losses. Discuss the results, write comments and some conclusions.

A New Type of Optical Power Meter Based on Silicon Photovoltaic Cells

Abstract: The accurate measurement of optical power meters is of great importance for modern industrial production. We proposed a new type of optical power meter that uses a BP neural

OPTICAL FIBER POWER MEASUREMENTS

We explain the measurement standards, systems, methods, and uncertainties related to the NIST calibration services for optical fiber power meter. Fiber connector issues are briefly described.

Design and construction of an affordable optical power meter: micro

This study introduces the design, construction, and evaluation of an affordable optical power meter prototype, AYR (Affordable Yet Reliable) version 1.0, which operates effectively within

Design and construction of an affordable optical power meter: micro

Each graph represents the relationship between optical power (mW) from a commercial optical power meter and voltage output (mV) for the prototype device, with corresponding linear fits

(PDF) Fiber-Optic Experiment Lab Report

This is a simple Lab Report made from the course PHY307N (Physics Laboratory I) from IISER Bhopal. This report might be useful to the Physics majors for reference and theoretical

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Record the power displayed on power meter. Collect data point as required to obtain the current-voltage (I-V) and light-current (L-I) characteristics of the LED.

EE3501, Experiment 1 EE3541, Experiment 3 Power Measurements

For this experiment, you will primarily use the Yokogawa power meter, in one of the following modes: 1P3W: single-phase, for either a single-phase system (channel 1) or a three-phase system treated

OPTICAL FIBER POWER MEASUREMENTS

Using computer modeling^{7,8} and experimental tests, we have developed a system for measuring the nonlinearity of optical fiber power meters over a wide dynamic range at telecommunication

Optical Power Meter: A Tool for Measuring Fiber Optic Power

An optical power meter is a device used to measure the power of an optical signal. It is a valuable tool for fiber optic technicians, as it can be used to measure the power of a variety of fiber optic devices,

How to Use an Optical Power Meter(OPM): A Beginner's Guide

Get everything you need to know about an optical power meter including its types, applications and fiber optic power meter test procedure.

Optical Power Meter

An optical power meter is defined as an instrument used to measure power or energy from narrow band sources, such as lasers, without a dispersing element and with broad band sensitivity. It

Optical Fiber Power Meter Calibrations at NIST

NIST has established measurement services for the calibration of optical fiber power meters at the three nominal wavelengths of 850, 1300, and 1550 nm using either collimated beam or optical

application note 015 Calibration of optical power meters

This application note demystifies how EXFO's IQS-12002 Optical Calibration System can guide you through the calibration of power meters, covering issues such as traceability and technical

Optical Power Meters: A Comprehensive Guide to

Whether in research laboratories, manufacturing facilities, or field installations, optical power meters play a crucial role in the characterization and

Optical Power Meter Basics

An optical power meter measures the photon energy in the form of current or voltage from an optical detector such as a semiconductor, a thermopile, or a pyroelectric detector.

Related Video Reference

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This document is for preliminary research. Verify specifications against current standards, product documentation and project requirements.

